



























CONCLUSIONS



Consumers:

Labels

- The energy labels (old and new) are known to the majority of the respondents, although 17% (5 consumers) were not aware of its existence.
- Most of the respondents compare the labels and ask the shop assistants for information. They shop for home appliances, mainly, in electronic superstores and general hypermarkets.
- Almost all of them state labels are useful to choose a new product, easy to understand and consider reliable the information displayed (because controlled by national authorities).
- Although the majority of the respondents recognise that upper energy class products pay off their higher purchase price, this criteria is the least considered as "more important" when buying a new appliance. The "more important" is the brand and the "less important" is the quality.
- Considering the contents of each new energy label, most of the respondents pointed out energy class as the "most important" and noise as the "less important". Annual electricity and water consumption are never considered among the "more important" (except for water consumption in dishwashers). Note: The last two parameters are, generally, directly related to the appliance size whereas the energy class determination benefits, some times, the bigger appliances.



Come On Labels	CONCLUSIONS
Shop assistants (no graphs were created because the sample was too small):	
 They know the energy labels (new and old), which are generally given by the supplier and they know how to display them on the appliances and what information should be made available in promotional materials. One shop assistant was not aware of the new energy labels (<i>Note:</i> probably because he deals, mainly, with appliances not for domestic use). 	
 Basically all agree about the energy label usefulness and consider reliable the information displayed (because controlled by national authorities). They say consumers sometimes find difficult to understand the labels (especially the old ones) but they are able to enlighten them. 	
 Although most of them recognise that consumers know the upper energy class products allow higher energy savings they state the consumer choose a new appliance, mainly, based upon the price criteria. 	
They ask for more consumer awareness campaigns.	
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